

Smart Tourist Safety System Using Artificial Intelligence And Blockchain-Based Digital Identity

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Abstract

Tourist safety remains a significant challenge in unfamiliar and remote environments due to delayed emergency response, identity verification issues, and lack of real-time monitoring systems. This paper presents a Smart Tourist Safety System that integrates Artificial Intelligence and Blockchain-inspired Digital Identity mechanisms to improve tourist security and emergency management. The proposed system is implemented as a Django-based web application that provides tourist registration, digital identity generation using SHA-256 hashing and QR codes, AI-inspired risk prediction, geo-fencing-based safety monitoring, incident reporting, and SOS emergency alert functionality. An administrative dashboard enables authorities to monitor tourist activities and respond to emergencies efficiently. The system demonstrates how AI-inspired analytics and secure identity management can improve tourist safety while reducing emergency response time. The proposed platform provides a scalable and cost-effective approach towards intelligent tourism safety management.

Index Terms -Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain, Tourist Safety, Geo-Fencing, QR Code, Digital Identity, Django.

Introduction

Tourism is one of the fastest-growing sectors worldwide and contributes significantly to economic development and cultural exchange. However, tourists travelling to unfamiliar locations often face safety challenges such as accidents, theft, medical emergencies, language barriers, and lack of access to reliable local support systems. During emergencies, delays in location identification, identity verification, and communication with authorities can significantly increase risk and reduce the effectiveness of rescue operations.

Most existing travel applications focus primarily on trip planning, navigation, hotel booking, and travel recommendations while providing limited support for tourist safety and emergency response. The absence of an integrated platform that combines real-time safety monitoring, secure digital identity management, and emergency communication remains a major concern. Recent advancements in Artificial Intelligence (AI), Blockchain, and location-based technologies provide opportunities to develop intelligent tourist safety solutions. The proposed Smart Tourist Safety System integrates AI-inspired risk assessment, blockchain-inspired digital identity, geo-fencing, QR-code verification, incident reporting, and SOS emergency alerts into a unified platform. The system aims to enhance tourist safety, improve emergency response

time, and provide authorities with efficient monitoring and decision-making capabilities.

Research Gap

The literature survey indicates that existing tourist safety solutions primarily focus on individual functionalities such as GPS tracking, emergency alerts, navigation support, or digital identity verification. Although these systems improve certain aspects of travel safety, they lack integration and coordinated emergency response mechanisms.

Most GPS-based systems provide location tracking but do not include predictive risk assessment or secure identity management. Similarly, blockchain-based identity solutions focus on secure data storage without incorporating real-time safety monitoring or emergency communication features. Existing smart tourism applications emphasize travel convenience rather than tourist protection and crisis management. Furthermore, there is limited research on integrating Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain, Geo-Fencing, and emergency alert systems within a single platform. This gap highlights the need for a comprehensive tourist safety solution capable of providing intelligent risk assessment, secure identity verification, and rapid emergency response through a unified architecture.

Research Objectives

The primary objective of this study is to design and develop a Smart Tourist Safety System that enhances

tourist security using Artificial Intelligence and Blockchain-inspired technologies.

The specific objectives of the study are:

1. To develop a secure tourist registration and authentication system.
2. To generate blockchain-inspired digital tourist identities using SHA-256 hashing and QR-code verification.
3. To implement AI-inspired risk assessment for classifying tourist safety levels.
4. To develop a geo-fencing mechanism for monitoring safe and risky travel zones.
5. To provide an SOS emergency alert system for rapid communication with authorities and emergency contacts.
6. To develop an incident reporting mechanism for tourists to report unsafe situations.
7. To provide an administrative dashboard for monitoring tourist activities and emergency events.
8. To create an integrated and user-friendly platform for improving tourist safety and emergency response.

Limitations Of The Study

Although the proposed system successfully demonstrates the concept of intelligent tourist safety management, certain limitations exist in the current implementation.

1. The AI module uses rule-based risk classification rather than a trained machine learning model due to the unavailability of large-scale tourist safety datasets.
2. The blockchain functionality is simulated using SHA-256 hashing instead of a fully decentralized blockchain network.
3. The geo-fencing mechanism is based on predefined travel information rather than continuous real-time GPS monitoring.
4. The system is currently implemented as a web application and does not include native Android or iOS mobile applications.
5. Integration with real-time government emergency services, police stations, and hospitals has not yet been implemented.
6. The system is deployed as a prototype and has not been tested on large-scale real-world tourist environments.

Rationale Of The Study

The increasing number of tourists travelling to unfamiliar and remote locations has created a growing demand for intelligent safety solutions capable of providing proactive monitoring and emergency assistance. Traditional tourist safety approaches rely heavily on manual communication and fragmented services, resulting in delayed response during critical

situations. Advancements in Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain, and location-aware technologies provide new opportunities for improving tourist protection through predictive risk analysis, secure digital identity management, and automated emergency communication. However, these technologies are often implemented independently and lack integration within a single tourist safety platform.

The rationale of this study is to bridge this gap by developing an integrated system that combines AI-inspired risk assessment, blockchain-inspired identity verification, geo-fencing, and emergency alert mechanisms. The proposed approach aims to improve tourist confidence, reduce emergency response time, and support authorities in delivering efficient and reliable assistance during emergencies.

Literature Review

The rapid growth of global tourism has increased the need for intelligent safety solutions for travelers visiting unfamiliar locations. Traditional tourist safety approaches primarily relied on physical identification documents, emergency helplines, travel guides, and manual communication with local authorities. Although these methods provided basic support, they lacked real-time monitoring capabilities and often resulted in delayed emergency response during critical situations.

The introduction of Global Positioning System (GPS) technology enabled the development of location-based tracking and navigation systems for tourists. GPS-based solutions improved route planning and location sharing, thereby enhancing situational awareness and emergency location identification. However, these systems mainly focused on navigation and lacked predictive risk assessment, secure identity verification, and centralized emergency management functionalities.

Recent advancements in Artificial Intelligence (AI) have enabled the development of intelligent safety monitoring systems capable of analyzing user behavior, travel patterns, environmental conditions, and historical incident data to predict potential risks. AI-based risk assessment systems provide proactive safety recommendations and early warning alerts. Despite these advantages, many existing solutions do not integrate secure identity management and emergency communication mechanisms within the same platform. Blockchain technology has emerged as a promising solution for secure digital identity management due to its decentralized and tamper-resistant characteristics. Blockchain-based identity systems enable secure storage and verification of personal information while reducing the risk of data manipulation and identity fraud. However, most

blockchain applications in tourism focus on authentication and privacy preservation rather than real-time safety monitoring and emergency response. Geo-fencing technology has further enhanced location intelligence by creating virtual boundaries around predefined geographic regions. It enables systems to detect entry into unsafe areas and generate alerts accordingly. Several studies have demonstrated the effectiveness of geo-fencing in emergency management and location-based services. Nevertheless, the integration of geo-fencing with AI-driven risk prediction and digital identity systems remains limited. The literature review reveals that existing tourist safety solutions generally address individual problems such as tracking, identity verification, or emergency communication independently. Very few systems provide an integrated framework combining Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain-inspired digital identity, Geo-Fencing, incident reporting, and SOS emergency alerts within a single platform. This research attempts to bridge this gap by proposing a comprehensive Smart Tourist Safety System that unifies these technologies to improve tourist safety and emergency response efficiency.

Features	Traditional Systems	GPS Tracking Systems	Smart Tourism Apps	SafeTrail System
Tourist Registration	No	Limited	Yes	Yes
Digital Identity Verification	No	No	Limited	Yes
QR Code Verification	No	No	No	Yes
GPS Tracking	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
AI Risk Assessment	No	No	Limited	Yes
Geo-Fencing	No	Limited	Limited	Yes
Incident Reporting	No	Limited	Yes	Yes
SOS Emergency Alerts	Limited	Yes	Yes	Yes
Authority Dashboard	No	No	Limited	Yes
Secure Identity Management	No	No	No	Yes

Table 1. Comparative Analysis of Existing Systems

Research Methodology

The research methodology adopted for this study follows a design and development approach for building a smart tourist safety platform integrating Artificial Intelligence and Blockchain concepts.

The methodology involved the following phases:

1. **Problem Identification** – Studying the safety

- challenges faced by tourists in unfamiliar locations.
- Literature Review** – Analyzing existing tourist safety, GPS tracking, and emergency response systems.
- Requirement Analysis** – Identifying functional and non-functional requirements of the proposed system.
- System Design** – Designing the architecture, database, modules, and user interfaces.
- Implementation** – Developing the web application using Django and integrating safety features.
- Testing and Validation** – Testing individual modules and evaluating overall system performance.

The study follows a prototype-based development model to demonstrate the feasibility of an intelligent tourist safety platform.

Requirement Analysis

The proposed system requires both functional and non-functional requirements for successful implementation.

Functional Requirements

- Tourist registration and login.
- Tourist profile management.
- Digital tourist identity generation.
- QR code generation and verification.
- Travel plan management.
- AI-based risk classification.
- SOS emergency alert generation.
- Incident reporting.
- Admin monitoring dashboard.

Non-Functional Requirements

- Secure user authentication.
- Responsive and user-friendly interface.
- Fast response time.
- Scalability for future expansion.
- Reliable data storage and retrieval.

A. Modules Design

The Smart Tourist Safety System consists of the following major modules:

1. User Registration and Authentication Module

Handles tourist registration, login, and session management.

2. Tourist Profile Management Module

Allows users to manage personal information and emergency contacts.

3. Digital Identity Module

Generates blockchain-inspired digital identities using SHA-256 hashing.

4. QR Code Generation Module

Creates unique QR codes linked to tourist identities for quick verification.

5. Travel Plan Management Module

Stores tourist travel schedules, destinations, and itinerary details.

6. AI-Based Risk Assessment Module

Classifies tourist safety status as Safe, Medium Risk, or High Risk.

7. Geo-Fencing and Safety Zone Module

Monitors travel locations and identifies risky areas.

8. SOS Emergency Alert Module

Provides one-click emergency assistance and notification generation.

9. Incident Reporting Module

Allows tourists to report unsafe situations and incidents.

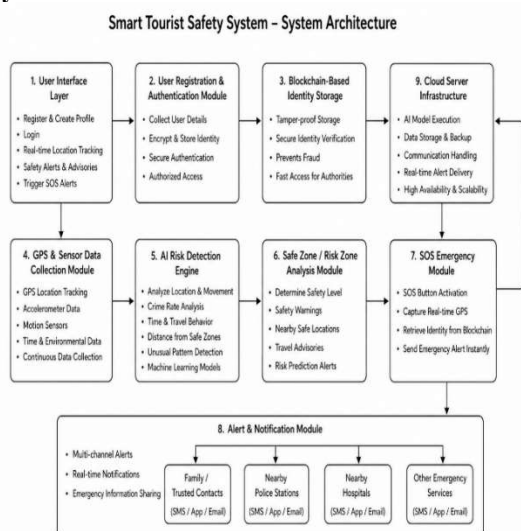
10. Admin Dashboard Module

Enables authorities to monitor users, incidents, and alerts.

Tools and Technologies Used

- **Programming Language:** Python
- **Backend Framework:** Django
- **Frontend Technologies:** HTML, CSS, and JavaScript
- **User Interface Framework:** Bootstrap 5
- **Database:** SQLite
- **Authentication System:** Django Authentication Framework
- **Hashing Algorithm:** SHA-256
- **QR Code Generation Library:** Python QRCode Library
- **Image Processing Library:** Pillow
- **Version Control System:** Git
- **Development Environment:** Visual Studio Code

System Architecture



The proposed system follows a three-layer architecture consisting of presentation, application, and database layers.

Presentation Layer

The frontend interface developed using HTML, CSS, Bootstrap, and JavaScript provides interaction between tourists and the system.

Application Layer

The Django backend handles business logic including authentication, digital identity generation, risk analysis, SOS processing, and incident management.

Data Layer

SQLite database stores tourist information, travel plans, QR records, incident reports, and emergency alerts securely.

The architecture integrates AI-inspired risk assessment, blockchain-based identity security, geo-fencing, and emergency communication into a unified platform for improving tourist safety.

Dataset Analysis

The proposed Smart Tourist Safety System does not utilize a large-scale machine learning dataset in its current implementation. Instead, the system employs a rule-based risk assessment approach that simulates Artificial Intelligence behavior using predefined parameters such as travel destination, travel duration, location category, and area risk level.

Risk classification is performed based on these input attributes and categorized into three safety levels:

- Safe
- Medium Risk
- High Risk

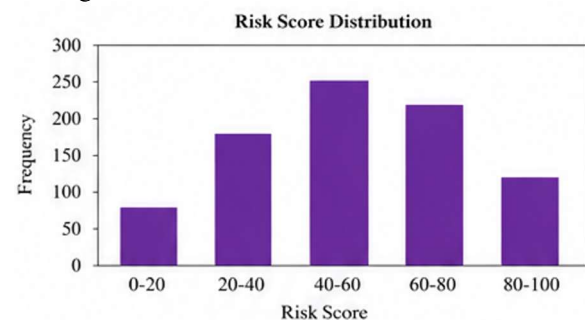


Fig. Risk Score Distribution

The system also utilizes tourist profile information, travel plans, emergency contacts, incident reports, and digital identity records stored in the database for decision support and safety monitoring.

Future versions of the system may incorporate real-world datasets including crime statistics, weather information, tourist movement patterns, and emergency incident records to train machine learning models for predictive risk analysis.

System Outputs

The following screenshots show the working of the Smart Tourist Safety System:

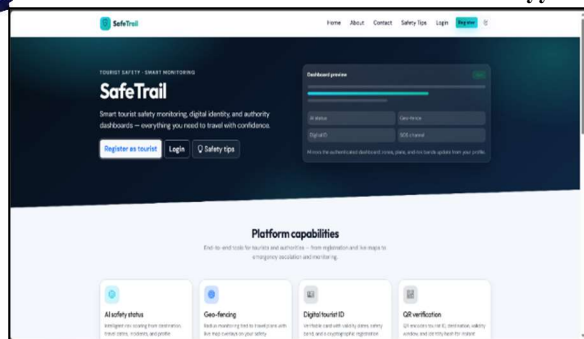


Fig. Home page

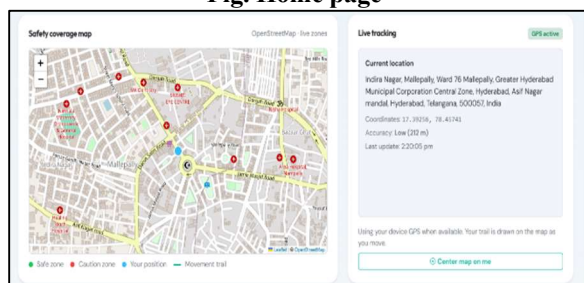


Fig. Live Tracking

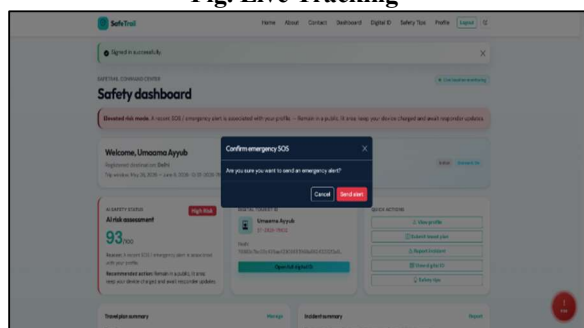


Fig. SOS Alert

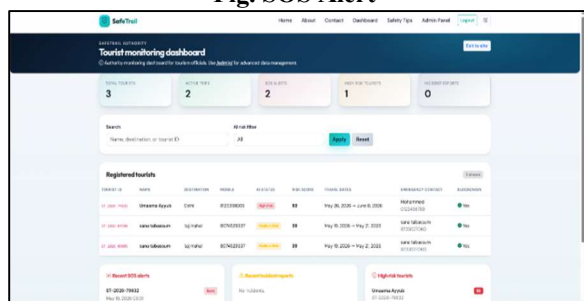


Fig. Admin Panel Dashboard

Conclusion

The Smart Tourist Safety System using Artificial Intelligence and Blockchain-based Digital Identity provides an integrated platform for improving tourist safety and emergency response capabilities. The system combines digital identity management, AI-inspired risk assessment, geo-fencing concepts, QR-based verification, and emergency communication mechanisms within a single web-based environment. The developed prototype demonstrates the feasibility

of integrating modern technologies to address tourist safety challenges in unfamiliar environments. The platform successfully provides secure identity verification, risk monitoring, and rapid emergency assistance while maintaining simplicity, scalability, and usability.

The study concludes that intelligent safety systems have significant potential to enhance traveler confidence and support authorities in delivering efficient emergency services.

Key Findings

The study produced several important findings:

- Integration of multiple safety features into a single platform significantly improves usability and accessibility.
- Digital identity verification using QR codes can reduce emergency response delays.
- AI-inspired risk classification can assist tourists in making safer travel decisions.
- Centralized incident reporting improves communication between tourists and authorities.
- Web-based platforms can provide cost-effective solutions for tourist safety management.

Limitations

Despite achieving its objectives, the study has several limitations:

- The AI module uses rule-based risk classification instead of machine learning algorithms.
- The blockchain implementation is limited to SHA-256 hashing and does not use a decentralized blockchain network.
- Continuous real-time GPS tracking is not implemented in the current prototype.
- The system has been tested in a local environment and is not deployed on cloud infrastructure.
- Integration with police departments, hospitals, and government emergency services is not currently available.
- The platform currently supports only web-based access and lacks mobile application support.

Challenges

Several technical challenges were encountered during the development process:

- Designing a secure authentication and digital identity mechanism.
- Integrating multiple modules into a unified full-stack application.
- Simulating AI-based risk prediction without access to real-world datasets.
- Implementing realistic emergency workflows and notification mechanisms.

- Developing an intuitive and responsive user interface for tourists and administrators.
- Managing secure storage and retrieval of sensitive user information.

Future Work

The proposed system offers significant opportunities for future enhancement:

- Integration of machine learning models trained on real-world safety datasets.
- Implementation of decentralized blockchain platforms such as Ethereum or Hyperledger.
- Real-time GPS tracking and dynamic geofencing capabilities.
- Development of Android and iOS mobile applications.
- Integration with police stations, hospitals, and tourism departments.
- Incorporation of weather data, crime statistics, and crowd analytics for improved risk prediction.
- Support for wearable devices and IoT-based emergency monitoring systems.
- Addition of multilingual communication and international tourist support services.
- Cloud deployment to support large-scale real-world implementation.

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